from the state, or for delivery to persons, firms or corporations authorized by Title 66 RCW to receive such liquor products: Provided, however, That liquor may be removed from an authorized private liquor storage warehouse to a public storage warehouse, or may be removed from one authorized public storage warehouse to another authorized public storage warehouse, or may be removed from an authorized public storage warehouse to the authorized private liquor storage warehouse of the owner of the liquor. Liquor, beer or wine importers may remove liquor for sample purposes only, but only after permission thereto has been specifically granted by the board or its accredited representatives. Any and all removals of liquor must be made in full compliance with the Washington state liquor laws, Title 66 RCW (Alcoholic beverage control), and the rules and regulations of the board.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 66.08.030. 88-07-025 (Order 238, Resolution No. 247), § 314-36-100, filed 3/9/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 66.08.030 (1) and (2). 87-07-008 (Order 214, Resolution No. 223), § 314-36-100, filed 3/10/87; Order 5, § 314-36-100, filed 8/7/69, effective 9/8/69; Rule 97, filed 6/13/63.]

WAC 314-36-110 Release of liquor. No public storage warehouse shall release any liquor for delivery to anyone other than the Washington state liquor control board or for shipment to a consignee outside the state of Washington, or for delivery to another authorized public storage warehouse, or to the authorized private liquor storage warehouse of the owner of the liquor, or to persons, firms or corporations authorized by Title 66 RCW to receive such liquor products: Provided, however, That liquor may be delivered to liquor, beer or wine importers for sample purposes under such conditions as the board may from time to time prescribe, and may be delivered to holders of liquor importer's licenses for export under WAC 314-36-010.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 66.08.030. 88-07-025 (Order 238, Resolution No. 247), § 314-36-110, filed 3/9/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 66.08.030 (1) and (2). 87-07-008 (Order 214, Resolution No. 223), § 314-36-110, filed 3/10/87; Order 5, § 314-36-110, filed 8/7/69, effective 9/8/69; Rule 98, filed 6/13/63.]

WAC 314-36-130 Complete records kept. Each public storage warehouse shall keep full and complete records showing all liquor received for storage, together with all removals and exportations thereof, such records to be kept in such manner and in such form as the board shall prescribe, and in case of removal, releases or shipments, shall preserve for two years, subject to the order of the board, all bills of lading or certified copies thereof, and all authorizations of the board for withdrawals of samples.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 66.08.030. 88-07-025 (Order 238, Resolution No. 247), § 314-36-130, filed 3/9/88; Rule 100, filed 6/13/63.]

WAC 314-36-140 Records open to inspection. The books and records pertaining to liquor receipts, storage and shipments, shall at all times be open for inspection by the board or its authorized representatives, who shall have access to the warehouse at any time during business hours for the purpose of inspecting records and checking inventory.

[Rule 101, filed 6/13/63.]

WAC 314-36-150 Special importation permit. Each manufacturer holding a special permit under RCW 66.20.010 (5) to import alcohol, malt and other materials containing alcohol to be used in the manufacture of liquor or other products, shall notify the board of the location of their principal office within the state, at which office shall be kept full and complete records of all transactions pertaining to the importation of alcohol, malt and other materials containing alcohol and the disposition thereof, in a form approved by the board.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 66.08.030 (1) and (2). 87-07-008 (Order 214, Resolution No. 223), § 314-36-150, filed 3/10/87; Rule 102, filed 6/13/63.]

Chapter 314-37 WAC LIQUOR VENDORS

WAC	
314-37-010	Liquor sales in Indian country—Appointment of tribal liquor vendors—Qualifications.
314-37-020	Manufacturer's on site vending appointment—Qualifications.
314-37-030	Bank credit cards and debit cards.

WAC 314-37-010 Liquor sales in Indian country—Appointment of tribal liquor vendors—Qualifications. (1) The Washington state liquor control board deems it necessary and advisable to adopt this rule for the following reasons:

- (a) The decision of the United States Supreme Court in the case of *Rice v. Rehner* (filed July 1, 1983) has established that the state of Washington has licensing jurisdiction over tribal liquor sales in Indian country and that those sales, when made in conformity with federal law, are subject to both tribal and state liquor regulatory requirements.
- (b) It is contrary to state law (see chapter 66.44 RCW) for purchasers of Indian liquor to remove that liquor from the reservation and into the state of Washington in those instances where the tribal liquor sellers are not authorized by the board to sell liquor.
- (2) Accordingly, pursuant to RCW 66.08.050(2), the Washington state liquor control board will appoint qualifying Indian tribes, which have entered into negotiated business agreements with the board, as liquor vendors which will authorize those vendor tribes to sell liquor by the bottle to such persons, firms or corporations as may be sold liquor from a state liquor store. All such appointments will be subject to the following conditions:
- (a) The tribe must enter into a business agreement with the Washington state liquor control board for the purchase and sale of liquor which will insure that the state's control over liquor traffic will be maintained while taking into consideration the unique nature of a tribal liquor vendor operation.
- (b) The tribe must purchase all of its spirituous liquor for resale in Indian country from the board at a negotiated price: Provided, That a quota of spirituous liquor will be sold by the board each year to the vendor tribe without the payment of state taxes, which quota shall be negotiated between the board and the qualified tribes and approved by the department of revenue.
- (c) The tribe must have in force a tribal ordinance governing liquor sales, which ordinance must have been certified by the Secretary of the Interior and published in the Federal Register as required by 18 U.S.C. §1161.

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- (d) The tribe must make all liquor sales in Indian country in conformity with both state and federal law.
- (3) Should a tribe which has been appointed as a liquor vendor pursuant to this section fail to comply with all the above enumerated conditions, which shall be construed as continuing requirements to maintain the status of liquor vendor, the appointment of that tribe as a liquor vendor may be revoked by the board.
- (4) A tribe, whether or not it has status as an Indian liquor vendor, which desires to sell beer and wine purchased from a licensed distributor must obtain state licenses for the sale of beer and wine and must abide by all state laws and rules applicable to sale of beer and wine by state licensees. Tribes selling beer and wine shall collect and remit to the state department of revenue the retail sales tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020 on retail sales of beer and wine to nontribal members
- (5) "Indian country" as used herein shall have the meaning ascribed to it in Title 18 U.S.C. §1151 as qualified by Title 18 U.S.C. §1154 as of July 1, 1983.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 66.08.030, 15.88.030, 19.126.020, 66.04.010, 66.08.180, 66.16.100, 66.20.010, 66.20.300, 66.20.310, 66.24.150, 66.24.170, 66.24.185, 66.24.200, 66.24.206, 66.24.210, 66.24.230, 66.24.240, 66.24.244, 66.24.250, 66.24.375, 66.24.380, 66.24.395, 66.24.400, 66.24.420, 66.24.425, 66.24.440, 66.24.450, 66.24.455, 66.24.495, 66.24.540, 66.28.010, 66.28.040, 66.28.050, 66.28.170, 66.28.180, 66.28.190, 66.28.200, 66.28.310, 66.44.190, 66.44.310, 66.98.060 and 82.08.150. 98-18-097, § 314-37-010, filed 9/2/98, effective 10/3/98. Statutory Authority: RCW 66.08.030 and 66.08.050(2). 83-24-021 (Order 131, Resolution No. 140), § 314-37-010, filed 11/30/83; 83-04-017 (Order 118, Resolution No. 127), § 314-37-010, filed 1/26/83.]

WAC 314-37-020 Manufacturer's on site vending appointment—Qualifications. (1) Pursuant to RCW 66.08.050, the board, in its discretion, may appoint a domestic winery which also manufactures liquor products other than wine pursuant to a license under Title 66 RCW, as a vendor for the purpose of sale of liquor products of its own manufacture on the licensed premises only.

- (2) Such appointment may not be made to domestic wineries located inside incorporated cities or towns in which there is a state liquor store.
- (3) Such appointment shall only be made after a contract has been entered into between the board and the domestic winery. Such contract shall contain the following:
- (a) A designation of the location on the licensed premises from which the sales will be made;
- (b) A designation of the nonwine products manufactured by the winery which will be sold under the appointment;
- (c) That the manufacturer/vendor shall not be considered an employee of the state for any purpose;
- (d) That the manufacturer/vendor shall agree to hold the state harmless from any and all claims resulting from operation of the manufacturer's on site vendorship; and
- (e) Such other aspects of the appointment relationship as the parties may agree to.
- (4) All sales made under a manufacturer's on site vending appointment shall be made at the prices established by the board for sales of the same product through state liquor stores and agencies.
- (5) All sales made under a manufacturer's on site vending appointment shall be subject to all applicable state taxes.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 66.08.050(2). 86-07-023 (Order 180, Resolution No. 189), § 314-37-020, filed 3/13/86.]

- WAC 314-37-030 Bank credit cards and debit cards. (1) May liquor vendors accept bank credit cards and debit cards? Yes. Per RCW 66.16.041, liquor vendors may accept bank credit cards and debit cards for liquor purchases from nonlicensees. Any equipment provided by the board to an agency liquor vendor may be used only for the sale of liquor obtained from the board.
- (2) What are the procedures for accepting bank credit cards and debit cards for liquor purchases? The procedures for accepting bank credit cards and debit cards for liquor purchases are as follows:
 - (a) Sales transactions.
- (i) All credit/debit card sales transactions will be made in accordance with liquor control board and SPS procedures.
 - (ii) Cash back is not allowed.
- (iii) Batch closing must be done nightly in order to ensure transactions are processed in a timely manner.
- (b) **Recording transactions.** Liquor vendors will record transactions on forms provided by the liquor control board.
- (c) **Reporting.** Liquor vendors will report all credit/debit card sales to the administrative services division of the liquor control board.
 - (d) Retention of records.
- (i) All credit/debit card receipts and balancing reports will be kept for the current fiscal year, in addition to the prior two complete fiscal years.
- (ii) Liquor vendors are responsible for the security of all credit/debit card records.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 66.08.030 and 66.16.041. 99-04-114, § 314-37-030, filed 2/3/99, effective 3/6/99.]

Chapter 314-38 WAC PERMITS

WAC	
314-38-010	Special permit to consume liquor on the premises of a
	business not licensed under Title 66 RCW.
314-38-020	Permits—Fees established.
314-38-030	Fee for replacement of a lost or destroyed license or per-
	mit.
314-38-040	Beverage alcohol raffle permit—Fee.
314-38-050	Class 4 permit—Purpose—Use.

WAC 314-38-010 Special permit to consume liquor on the premises of a business not licensed under Title 66 RCW. (1) The special permit provided by RCW 66.20.010 (4) to consume liquor on the premises of a business not licensed under Title 66 RCW shall only be issued to businesses at which the service and consumption of liquor is incidental to, and does not form a portion of, the service the business is engaged in producing or marketing. The permit shall not be used by the holder thereof for purposes of stimulating or increasing business from the general public.

- (2) Each permit shall be issued for a period of twelve months from the first day of the month in which it is issued. The fee for each permit issued shall be five hundred dollars.
- (3) The permit shall be issued for, and service and consumption of liquor will be limited to, specified hospitality rooms and/or dining rooms which shall be on the premises of the business applying for the permit. A separate permit is

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